



# St Gabriel's CE Primary School

## Maths Progression of Skills



### Number and Place Value

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>-Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number</p> <p>-Count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens</p>	<p>-Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward</p>	<p>-Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number</p>	<p>-Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000</p> <p>-Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers</p>	<p>-Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 • count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero</p>	
<p>Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations. Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals Read any write numbers from 1 to 20 in words and numerals</p>	<p>Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line</p>	<p>identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and words</p>	<p>identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value</p>	<p>Read, write (order and compare) numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals</p>	<p>Read, write (order and compare) numbers to at least 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.</p>
<p>Given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less.</p>	<p>Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens and ones)</p>	<p>Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens and ones)</p>	<p>Find 1000 more or less than a given number. Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens and ones)</p>	<p>(Read, Write), order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.</p>	<p>(Read, Write), order and compare numbers to at least 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit.</p>

	Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <> and = signs	Compare and order numbers up to 1000	Compare and order numbers beyond 1000		
	Use place value and number facts to solve problems	Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000.  Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above with increasingly large positive numbers	Interpret negative numbers in context.  Round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000.  Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	Round any whole number to a requires degree of accuracy.  Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero.  Solve number problems that involve all of the above.

### Addition and Subtraction

#### Recall, represent, use

Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs.  Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.  Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (Commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.  Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use	estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers.	estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation.	use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem levels of accuracy	
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this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

### Calculations

Add and subtract one digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero

Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects pictorial representations and mentally including: a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and 10s two 2-digit numbers adding three one-digit numbers

Add and subtract numbers mentally including: a 3-digit number and ones a 3-digit number and 10s a three-digit number and hundreds.

Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction

Add and subtract numbers with up to four digits using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate

Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)

Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers

Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.

### Solving Problems

Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems such as  $7 = \_ - 9$

Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.

Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value and more complex addition and subtraction.

Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these including understanding

Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.

the meaning of the equals sign.

## Multiplication and Division

### Recall, represent and use

Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables including recognising odd and even numbers.

Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.

Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the three four and eight multiplication tables.

Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to  $12 \times 12$

Use place value known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together 3 numbers.

Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity mental calculations.

Identify multiples and factors including finding all factor pairs of a number and common factors of 2 numbers.

Know and use vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers.

Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers the notation for squared and cubed.

Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.

Use estimation to check to answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.

## Calculation

Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication division and equals signs

Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-

Multiply two digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout

Multiply numbers up to four digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method including long multiplication for two-digit numbers

Multiply multi digit numbers up to four digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication.

Divide numbers up to four digits by a two-

		digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods		<p>Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to four digits by a one-digit number using formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.</p> <p>Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000.</p>	<p>digit whole number using the formal written method of long division and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding as appropriate for the context.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to four digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context.</p> <p>Perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers.</p>
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**Solve Problems**

Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the	Solve problems involving multiplication and division using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts including problems in contexts.	Solve problems including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n	Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply 2-digit numbers by 1 digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n	Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes.  Solve problems involving multiplication	Solve problems involving addition subtraction multiplication and division.
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support of the teacher.		objects are connected to m objects.	objects are connected to m objects.	and division, including scaling by simple fraction and problems involving simple rates.	
<b>Combined Operations</b>					
				Solve problems involving addition subtraction multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.	Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.
<b>Fractions, Decimals and Percentages</b>					
<p>Recognise find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object shape or quantity.</p> <p>Recognise find a name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object shape or quantity</p>	<p>Recognise find name and write fractions <math>1/3</math>, <math>1/4</math>, <math>2/4</math> and <math>3/4</math> of a length shape set of objects or quantity.</p>	<p>Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers in or quantities by 10.</p> <p>Recognise find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.</p> <p>Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-</p>	<p>Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10.</p>	<p>Identify name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths.</p> <p>Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements <math>&gt;1</math> as mixed number for example.</p>	

unit fractions with small denominators.

### Compare

Recognise the equivalence of  $\frac{2}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$

Recognise and show using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators

Recognise and show using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions

Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number

Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination

Compare and order fractions, including fractions  $> 1$

### Calculations

Write simple fractions for example  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 6 = 3

Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole for example  $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$

### Solve Problems

Solve problems that involve all of the above

Solve problems involving increasingly hard fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number

### Decimals

#### Recognise and Write

Recognise and write decimal equivalents of

Read and write decimal numbers as fractions

Identify the value of each digit in numbers

			any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalent to $1/4$ , $1/2$ , $3/4$	for example $0.71 = 71/100$ recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths hundredths and decimal equivalents	given to three decimal places
<b>Compare</b>					
			Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole Number.  Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places	Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place.  Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places	
<b>Calculations and Problems</b>					
			Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 identifying the value of the digits in the answers as ones, tenths and hundredths	Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places	Multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places.  Multiply 1-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers. Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places solve problems which require answers to be



rounded to specific degrees of accuracy

## Fractions, Decimals and Percentages

Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places

Recognise the percent symbol and understand that percent relates to number of parts per hundred and write percentages as a fraction with the denominator 100 and as a decimal

Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $1/4$ ,  $1/5$ ,  $2/5$ ,  $4/5$  and those fractions with the nominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents for a simple fraction

Recall and use equivalence is between simple fractions decimals and percentages including in different contexts

## Ration and Proportion

Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts

Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages and the use of percentages for comparison

					<p>Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found</p> <p>Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples</p>
<b>Algebra</b>					
					<p>Use simple formula generate and describe linear number sequences.</p> <p>Express missing number problems algebraically.</p> <p>Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.</p> <p>Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.</p>
<b>Measurement Using Measure</b>					
Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and height	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/ height	Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths (m/cm/mm); mass	Convert between different units of measure.	Convert between different units of metric measure.	Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of

<p>mass/weight capacity and volume time.</p> <p>Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and height mass/ weight capacity /volume time (hours, minutes, seconds)</p>	<p>in any direction mass temperature capacity to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.</p> <p>Compare and order Length, mass, volume/ capacity and record the results using &gt; &lt; and =</p>	<p>(kg,g); volume/capacity (l/ml)</p>	<p>Estimate compare and calculate different measures.</p>	<p>Understand and use approximate equivalence is between metric units and common imperial units such as inches pounds and pints.</p> <p>Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure using decimal notation including scaling</p>	<p>measure using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.</p> <p>Use, read, write and convert between standard units converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit and vice versa using decimal notations up to three decimal places.</p> <p>Convert between miles and kilometres.</p>
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### Money

<p>Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.</p>	<p>Recognise and use the symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p) combine amounts to make a particular value.</p> <p>Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amount of money.</p> <p>Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money</p>	<p>Add and subtract amount of money to give change using both pounds and pence in practical context.</p>	<p>Estimate, compare and calculate different measures including money in pounds and pence.</p>	<p>Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure for example money.</p>	
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of the same unit including giving change.

## Time

Sequence events in chronological order using language for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years tell time to the hour and half past the hour and draw hands on the clock face to show these times

Compare and sequence intervals of time tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on the clock face to show these times know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day

Tell and write the time from an analogue clock including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12 hour and 24-hour clocks estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, am/pm, morning, afternoon, noon and midnight Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events for example to calculate the time taken by a particular event or task

Read write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days

Solve problems involving converting between units of time

Use read write and convert between standard units converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit and vice versa

## Perimeter, Area and Volume

Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes

Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in

Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres.

Recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa

			centimetres and metres  Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.	Calculate and compare the area of rectangles including squares and including using standard units and estimate the area of irregular shapes. Estimate volume for example using one centimetre cubed blocks to build cuboids including cubes and capacity for example using water.	Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.  Calculate estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units including cubic centimetres and cubic metres and extending to other units.
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**Geometry**  
**2D Shapes**

Recognise and name, 2D shapes for example rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles	Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line of symmetry in a vertical line.  Identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes) for example a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid)  Compare and sort common 2D shapes and everyday objects	Draw 2D shapes	Compare and classify geometric shapes including quadrilaterals and triangles based on their properties and size.  Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented on different orientations.	Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.  Use the properties of rectangles to juice related facts and find missing lengths and angles.	Draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles.  Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes.  Illustrate and name parts of circles including radius and diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
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**3D Shapes**

Recognise and name common 3D shapes for example cuboids including cubes pyramids and spheres.	Recognise and name common 3D shapes for example cuboids including cubes pyramids and spheres.  Compare and sort common 3D shapes and everyday objects.	Make 3D shapes using modelling materials.  Recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them		Identify 3D shapes including cubes and other cuboids from 2D representations.	Recognise describe and build simple 3D shapes including making nets
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### Angles and Lines

		recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn.  Identify right angles recognise that two right angles make half a turn three make 3/4 of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.  Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines.	Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size.  Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes represented in different orientations.  Complete a simple symmetrical figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.	Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.  Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees.  Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn other multiple of 90 degrees.	find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons.  Recognise angles where they meet at a point, on a straight line or are vertically opposite and find missing angles.
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### Position and Direction

Describe position direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.	Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences		Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant.  Describe movements between positions as translations of a given	Identify describe an represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language,	Describe positions on the full coordinate grid all 4 quadrants.  Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and
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	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three quarter turns clockwise and anticlockwise.		unit to the left/ right and up/ down.  Plot specified points and draw sides to give to complete a given Polygon.	and know that the shape has not changed.	reflect them in the axes.
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**Statistics**  
**Present and Interpret**

	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.	Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.	Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods including bar charts and time graphs.	Complete read and interpret information in tables including timetables.	Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.
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**Solve Problems**

	Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.  Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data	How many fewer?) using information presented in scaled bar chart and pick to grams and tables	Information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.	Information presented in a line graph.	
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